



SAKURA STIPENDIJE

www.sakurastipendije.rs

APPLICATION FOR SAKURA SCHOLARSHIP FOR 2012

Instructions:

1. The application should be typed or neatly handwritten in block letters,
2. Numbers should be in Arabic numerals,
3. Years should be written using the Anno Domini system
4. Proper nouns should be written in full and not abbreviated,
5. Questions that have ☐ should be answered by writing an X in front of the chosen answer.

1. Name in full:

Stefan Nedeljkovic

2. Gender:

☐ Female

☒ Male

3. Citizenship:

Serbian

4. Date of birth:

1988/09/11

Year / Month / Day

5. Current address:

Stojana Protica 95, Kragujevac

6. Telephone number:

+381 64 241 55 47

7. E-mail address:

nedeljkovic_stefan@yahoo.com

8. Present status (graduate, postgraduate, PhD student or researcher) with the name of the University attending or attended:

PhD student at the Faculty of political science, University of Belgrade

9. Department / specialization:

International and european studies

10. Education:

	Name and Address of School	Year and Month of Entrance and Completion	Duration of Attendances	Diploma or Degree awarded
Graduate level	Name: Faculty of political science Location: Belgrade	From: October 2007 To: July 2011	Number of semesters 8	Graduated politologist in international politics
Postgraduate level	Name: Faculty of political science Location: Belgrade	From: October 2011 To: July 2012	Number of semesters 2	MA politologist in European integrations
PhD level	Name: Faculty of political science Location: Belgrade	From: October 2012 To: -	Number of semesters The studies will have 6 semesters	I am attending the 1st semester

11. Japanese language proficiency: Evaluate your level and insert an X where appropriate in the following blank space.

	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	I do not know Japanese at all
Reading					X
Writing					
Speaking					

Have you taken the Japanese-Language Proficiency Test administrated by the Japan Foundation?

☐ Yes, I have

Level:

Passed year:

☒ No, I have not

12. Foreign language proficiency: Evaluate your level and insert an X where appropriate in the following blank space.

	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor
English	X			
German			X	

13. Have you been awarded Scholarship in the past? If so, please specify the period, the name of the university, the contributor and area of study?

☐ Yes, I have

Area of research

Period

Contributor

University

☒ No, I have not

THE RESEARCH

Note - additional sheets of paper may be attached, if necessary.

1. Area of research:

- Social sciences and humanities:
 - Economics ☐
 - Law ☐
 - Political Science ☒
 - Philosophy ☐
 - Japanese language and literature ☐
- Culture and Arts ☐
- Kaizen Management ☐

2. Your research theme - clearly explain the research you wish to carry out.

European Union and Japan relations-perspectives and challenges

3. Expected results of the research.

I will show that EU and Japan have had great relations over the past few decades, but that they could do much more. In my opinion, the research will show that EU has been focused more on China in the last few years and that EU suffers from different views of its member states regarding the relations with Japan. I will prove that the European Commission and the member states have different visions of this topic and I will detect the major consequences of that aspect and the major visions of the future development of EU-Japan political relations. Oftentimes it is EU Member States which act in the global arena. At the Community level, there is hardly any actor which could claim extensive authority over foreign relations. One of the few exceptions is trade policy which the European Commission has almost sole competence for. While there are certain limitations to that, the Commission has been granted the right to conclude agreements on trade issues with third parties. On the other side, Japan has evolved into a partner which the EU holds regular high-level meetings with. As another economic superpower, Japan is not only a competitor but also an attractive market. The research will focus on 2001 EU-Japan Action Plan which can be seen as a typical EU Commission product- a shopping list listing for too many areas and issues to be tackled by Brussels and Tokyo. It will also show an absence of urgency to do more in areas of international politics and security. However, the research will be optimistic and it will focus on soft security and the areas where Japan and the EU could actually make a difference (especially regarding North Korea's nuclear program). I think that the future of EU-Japan relations will be a development cooperation, technical assistance, economic and financial aid and I will also show how it can be done. One of the major problems is protectionism. Brussels insists that there shouldn't be tariff barriers

in its investments in Japan. The EU is very critical of Japan for not opening its market to some very important EU traders and companies, which can be a problem for Free trade agreement negotiations, and the research will offer some visions of possible solutions in this field. However, the EU and Japan are jointly supporting international initiatives to achieve global nuclear disarmament and efforts to limit the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction (WMDs). This was accompanied by jointly signing various international disarmament and non-proliferation protocols. To be sure, jointly signing nuclear disarmament protocols was one thing, following up on the signatures and implementing joint policies quite another as it turned out. That aspect of EU-Japan relations will be another issue that will be examined in the research paper.

On the other side, in 2005 Brussels and Tokyo started to discuss Asian regional security issues on a regular institutional basis by launching the so-called "EU-Japan Brussels Strategic Dialogue on East Asian Security". The establishment of the "EU-Japan Dialogue on East Asian Security" was preceded by the establishment of the "EU-US Dialogue on East Asian Security in 2004" and given that EU weapons embargo imposed on China in 1989 was at all times the central issue on the dialogue's agenda, and this issue will be further examined in the paper, in order to show that it is probably fair to assume that the motivation for Tokyo to initiate regular exchanges on East Asian security was identical to Washington's motivations in 2004: Putting pressure on Brussels to leave the weapons embargo imposed on China after the Tiananmen massacre in 1989 in place.

4. Describe your vision of the future relations between Serbia and Japan. In what way will the research contribute to the bilateral relations between two countries?

I think that there are only few countries in the world that started their diplomatic relations so many decades ago, considering the fact that Serbia and Japan stand on different parts of the world and that they do not have many things in common, regarding culture. I'm very proud of the fact that the Serbian king Milan Obrenovic sent a letter to Japanese Emperor Meiji in 1882, and that will be one of the earliest diplomatic relations that Serbia have had as an independent country since 1878. I think that Serbia and Japan will have closer relations in the future, considering the fact that Japan and its people are trying to foster serbian-japanese friendship and support, especially in the field of economy. I believe that there is a room for organizing the Serbia-Japan summits in the future, the ones that EU na Japan have, because Japan and Serbia have so many thing to disscuse and to promote. What Serbia can learn from Japan is economic and political transformation and recovery, considering that Japan truely transformed its society and political system in the last 60 years. Serbia will have to learn how to find strenght that Japan has found when everything seemed to be against it, and I hope that my research will contribute to the relations between Serbia and Japan because Serbia will become a member of EU one day, and it can be a bridge between Japan and EU. My research can be a good future position paper of Serbia, because it will detect the main problems and mistakes that EU and Japan are making at the moment, but also the great things that these two political and economic growing giants can do in order to promote good values.



**UNIVERSITY IN BELGRADE
FACULTY OF POLITICAL SCIENCES**

Belgrade, Jove Ilica 165, Serbia
Phone number: (+381 11) 309-29-99;
Fax: (+381 11) 2491-501
E-mail: fpn@fpn.bg.ac.rs; Presentation: www.fpn.bg.ac.rs

Letter of Recommendation for Mr. Stefan Nedeljkovic

To Whom It May Concern,

I hereby recommend Mr. Stefan Nedeljkovic, a student of PhD studies, for Sakura scholarship. Mr. Nedeljkovic has shown a very enthusiastic and creative work during the courses of Compound systems of governance and Political system of the European Union, on undergraduate and master's studies, under my supervision.

During the courses, I noticed that Mr. Nedeljkovic is very interested in my courses, and therefore, he showed a great responsibility and wish for learning. I confirm that Mr. Nedeljkovic made a significant progress during the courses, and I am very proud to give you a recommendation.

Mr. Nedeljkovic obtained an excellent cooperation with me and other professors and students as well and therefore I'm looking forward to cooperating with him on PhD studies on the courses that he is attending this semester.

I recognized Mr. Nedeljkovic as a creative, hard-working and dedicated student, who took an initiative in my classes, and as a person who has to offer new ideas and new solutions.

I feel certain that you will be just as impressed with Mr. Nedeljkovic as I am. As an educator who is committed to helping deserving students succeed, I strongly encourage you to consider Mr. Nedeljkovic for this scholarship. Mr. Nedeljkovic is a good example of a student who should get your scholarship, and I assure you that you won't regret, if you choose him for this programme.

If you have any additional questions, feel free to contact me.

Best regards,
prof. dr Slobodan Samardzic

(signature)



Belgrade,

29.10.2012.

(date)



УНИВЕРЗИТЕТ У БЕОГРАДУ
ФАКУЛТЕТ ПОЛИТИЧКИХ НАУКА

Београд 11040, Јове Илића 165, Србија

Телефон: (+ 381 11) 309-29-99;

Факс: (+ 381 11) 2491-501

Е-пошта: fpn@fpn.bg.ac.rs; Презентација: www.fpn.bg.ac.rs



Број индекса 42/12

29.10.2012.

Београд

На основу службене евиденције и чл. 161. Закона о општем управном поступку ("Службени лист СРЈ" бр. 33/97, и бр. 31/2001), и чл. 145 Статута Факултета политичких наука Универзитета у Београду Факултет политичких наука Универзитета у Београду, издаје

У В Е Р Е Њ Е

Да је Стефан Недељковић рођен 11.09.1988. године у Крагујевцу, Србија, уписан на докторске студије политиколошких наука – Међународне и европске студије, 2012/13 у први семестар. (буџетски - самофинансирање).

Према Статуту Факултета студије трају шест семестра.

Уверење се издаје на лични захтев.

СТРУЧНИ САРАДНИК ЗА СТУДИЈЕ III СТЕПЕНА




NACIONALNA SLUŽBA ZA ZAPOSŁJAVANJE

Filijala Kragujevac

Odeljenje za posredovanje u zapošljavanju i planiranje karijere

Broj 0210 - 10114 - 1 / 2012 - 28696

Datum 30.10.2012

Na osnovu člana 161. Zakona o opštem upravnom postupku ("Službeni list SRJ" br. 33/97 i 31/01) i člana 84. Zakona o zapošljavanju i osiguranju za slučaj nezaposlenosti ("Službeni glasnik RS" br. 33/09) na zahtev lica NEDELJKOVIĆ STEFAN, JMBG 1109988720041 izdaje

UVERENJE

Da je NEDELJKOVIĆ STEFAN, JMBG 1109988720041, adresa: Kragujevac, Kragujevac - grad ul. STOJANA PROTIĆA 95, prijavljen/a na evidenciju lica koja traže zaposlenje, u periodu od:

Početak i prestanak evidencije	U statusu	Osnov za brisanje/prestanak
1 26.09.2012	Nezaposleno lice	

Korisnik prava na novčanu naknadu: NE

Namena uverenja: Ostale namene
i u druge svrhe se ne može koristiti.

Ovo Uverenje se izdaje na osnovu podataka službene evidencije Nacionalne službe za zapošljavanje o licima koja traže zaposlenje.

Oslobođeno od naplate takse, shodno članu 19. stav 1. tačka 1. Zakona o republičkim administrativnim taksama (<Službeni glasnik RS> br. 43/03, 53/03, 61/05, 05/09 i 54/09).

Ovlašćeni radnik



C 347085

Образац бр. 1

ЈМБГ 1109382420041
(лични број)

Стефан Недзиковић
(име и презиме - штампаним словима)
Недзиковић Стефан
(својеручни потпис студента)

* Врста студија: основне академске, основне струковне, мастер академске, интегрисане основне и мастер академске, специјалистичке академске, специјалистичке струковне, докторске академске.

** Степен студија: први, други, трећи.

C 347085

РЕПУБЛИКА СРБИЈА

ФАКУЛТЕТ ПОЛИТИЧКИХ НАУКА
(назив и седиште самосталне високошколске установе)

Београд
(назив и седиште високошколске установе)

Број индекса 42, 2012
(број) (година уписа)

СТУДЕНТСКА КЊИЖИЦА

ИНДЕКС

Стефан Недзиковић
(име и презиме)

Миле 11.3.1988.
(име једног родитеља) (датум рођења)

Кратјевац Кратјевац
(место рођења) (општина рођења)

Србија српско
(држава рођења) (држављанство)

уписан-а је школске 2012 /2013. године на

Докторске академске III
(врста студија) (степен студија)

Докторске студије политологије -
(назив студијског програма)

Међународне и европске студије

три године
(обим изражен у ЕСПБ и време трајања студијског програма)

18.10.2012 (М.П.)
(датум уписа) Овлашћено лице



Sakura scholarship

To Whom It May Concern,

I would like to stress out that the administration of the Faculty of political sciences hasn't printed the diplomas or assurances of graduation in master's programmes, so I would send you the missing documents as soon as possible, if you choose me for this scholarship. I have to mention that I'm sending you the assurance of attending PhD studies where you can see that I finished the master's programme at the Faculty and all the details from the first two pages in my index and the transcript of all marks I had on the master's course, as well.

Best regards,

Stefan Nedeljkovic



УНИВЕРЗИТЕТ У БЕОГРАДУ
ФАКУЛТЕТ ПОЛИТИЧКИХ НАУКА
Београд 11040, Јове Илића 165, Србија
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Факс: (+ 381 11) 2491-501

Е-пошта: fpn@fpn.bg.ac.rs; Презентација: www.fpn.bg.ac.rs



Број индекса: 29/2011
Београд, 30.10.2012.

На основу чл. 161. Закона о општем управном поступку („Службени лист СРЈ“ бр. 33/97, 31/01) и службене евиденције Универзитета у Београду- Факултета политичких наука, а на захтев Стефан Недељковић, Универзитет у Београду- Факултет политичких наука, издаје се следеће:

У В Е Р Е Њ Е О ПОЛОЖЕНИМ ИСПИТИМА

Стефан Недељковић број индекса 29/2011 рођен 11.09.1988. у Крагујевцу, Србија, уписан на мастер академске студије Европске интеграције у академској 2011/12 године у прву годину студија.

Именовани је у току студија положио следеће испите:

Ред. број	Наставни предмет	Оцена	Број ЕСПБ
1.	Међународно комуницирање	9(девет)	
2.	Сложени државни системи управљања	10(десет)	
3.	Превођење и унутрашњи послови у ЕУ	9(девет)	
4.	Теорија и пракса решавања сукоба	9(девет)	
5.	Системи УН	9(девет)	
6.	Економска и монетарна унија	7(седам)	
7.	ЕУ као глобални актери	10(десет)	
8.	Евроатланска безбедност	10(десет)	

Закључно са редним бројем 8.

Стручни сарадник за студије II степена



Напомена: студент је одбранио завршни мастер рад са иценом 9 (девет)

Дана 17.10.2012

Под називом „ Европска унија као глобални актери и међуетнички сукоби ВЈР Македонији „

